Think and Write #7 Explain the two arguments found in the quotes below.

Quote 1

"Any law which violates the inalienable rights of man is essentially unjust and tyrannical; it is not a law at all."

Maximilien Robespierre

Quote 2

"Our strength, because it gives to us truth's ascendancy over imposture, and the rights of the public interest over private interests."

Maximilien Robespierre

AIM#6 WHY DID THE FRENCH REVOLUTION.

TURN RADICAL?

Chapter 20 Section 2



Landi si Senvier 1-93 a no houver un quart du mateir sur la place de la revolution ci devant appelé tens XVI le Tiran est timbe sous le glasse du l'eux le grand acte de justice a constorne l'Irritornihe ancana le ruper tetion. Regale, et crès la reguldique. Il imprime un grand caractère à la convention nationale et la rend deput de la confince du français.

or fut en vain qu'une faction audationne et des consequents insideux épaisérent tentes les reserves la colonnes, du charlatememe et de la checane, le courage des republicames trampha la majorité de la convention demaura inchrantable dans ses principes, et le génie de l'intrigue cels au gens de la Liberte et à Licendant de la vertu.

AParis chei Villenouve éravair sue Lacharie Discocria Mairee da parique X.73

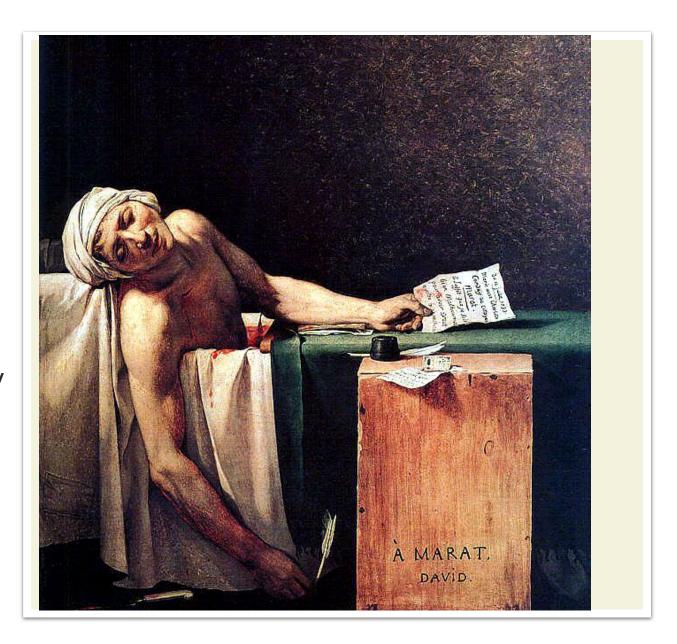
I. Background to the Terror

A. Legislative Assembly



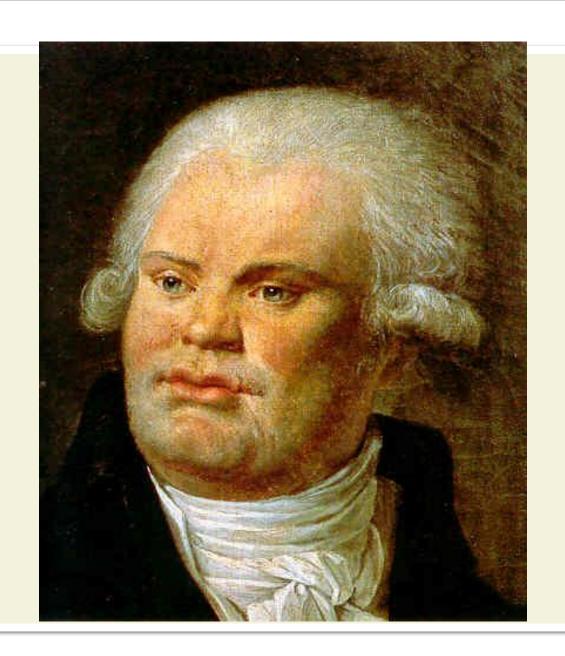
B. Leaders of the Revolution 1. Jean Paul Marat

- newspaper
 which called for
 extreme
 revolution.
- ii. Assassinated by a Girondin.



Georges-Jacques Danton

- Radical at first.
- ii. Became a compromiser.
- iii. Finally denounced the revolution because of its extremism.



3. Maximilien Robespierre

- Lawyer and firm supported of the Enlightenment and the Revolution.
- ii. Began as a more moderate Jacobin.
- iii. Headed the Committee of Public Safety.
- iv. Leader of the Reign of Terror.



C. Why the Radicals gained power

Event

- 1. King attempts to flee Paris. (June 1791)
- War with Prussia and Austria goes badly. (Aug 1791)
- Émigrés join opposing armies.
- September Massacre 1792.

Reaction

- People distrust Louis.
- People blame the Monarchy and moderates.
- 3. Radicals gain more power.
- Radicals take control.

II. The National Convention. 1792-1795 1:20

A. Early Actions

1. .

2. .

3.

4.



B. Committee of Public Safety

(1:00)

1. .

2

3.

4.

5. Many social reforms:

i.

ii.

iii. .

iv. .

C. Reign of Terror (Sept. 1793 - July 1794)

1. .

2.

3. .

4.

5.

6. .

7. .

8.



Legislative Assembly

The Mountain

Radicals

Jacobins

Republic

The Plain

Swing Votes

First supported the Girondins

Later supported the Mountain

The Girondins

Moderates

From the Provinces

Constitutional Monarchy