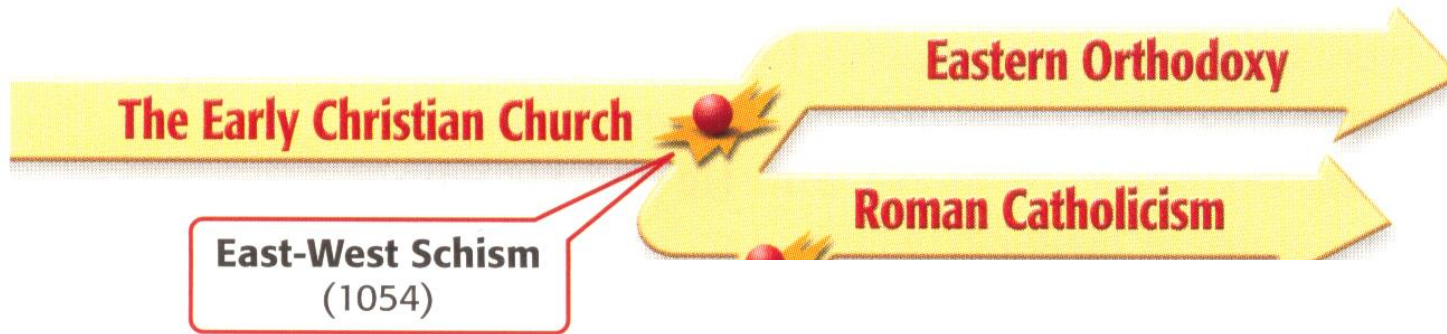


Think and Write: How did Christianity Change in the 11th century?

The Division of Christianity



Think and Write: How did Christianity Change in the 16th century?

Why did a Revolution erupt against the Church in the 16th century?

»» Chapter 13 sect 3–4

I. Causes of the Reformation

1.

2.

3.

III. What was the Protestant Reformation?

- 1. The [REFORM]ation was an attempt to REFORM the Catholic Church**
- 2. People like Martin Luther wanted to get rid of the corruption and restore the people's faith in the church**

The Life of Christ, by Lucas Cranach the Elder, 1521



The Pope as the Antichrist, by Lucas Cranach the Elder, 1521



“The Roman Church has become the most licentious [sinful] den of thieves.... They err who ascribe to thee the right of, interpreting Scripture, for under cover of thy name they seek to set up their own wickedness in the Church, and, alas, through them Satan has already made much headway under thy predecessors. In short, believe none who exalt thee, believe those who humble thee.

- Martin Luther, 1520



Some Papal Wars of the 15th and 16th century

1. **The Ferrara War (1482-1484)**
2. *Venice and the Papal States vs. Ferrara, Genoa, Siena, Florence, Milan, and Naples*
3. **Florentine-Papal War (1485-1486)**
4. **Neapolitan War of 1494-1495**
5. **Franco-Aragonese War (1499-1504)**
6. **War of the League of Cambrai (1508-1509)**
7. **War of the Holy League (1510-1516)**
8. **Ferrara-Papal War of 1512**



Desiderius Erasmus

“Great abundance of riches cannot be gathered and kept by any man without sin.”

“A monk's holy obedience... consists in— what? In leading an honest, chaste, and sober life? Not the least. In acquiring learning, in study, and industry? Still less. A monk may be a glutton, a drunkard, an ignorant, stupid, malignant, envious brute, ...”

Indulgences–

"As soon as the coin in the coffer rings,
The soul from Purgatory springs."

Catholicism in the 1400s

Dissatisfaction

ECONOMIC

RELIGIOUS

POLITICAL



What was the Protestant Reformation?

3.

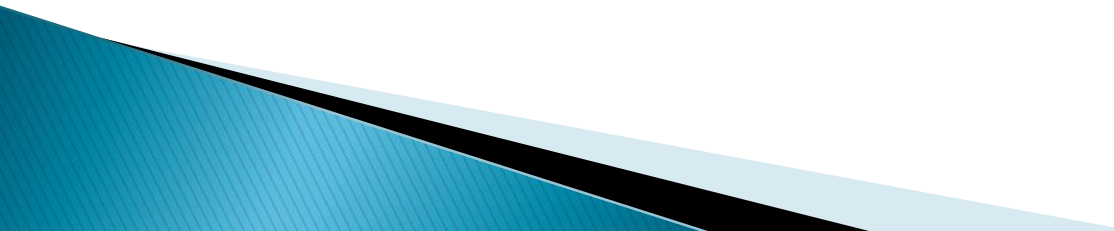
4.

III. The Reformers

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A. Martin Luther

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Martin Luther



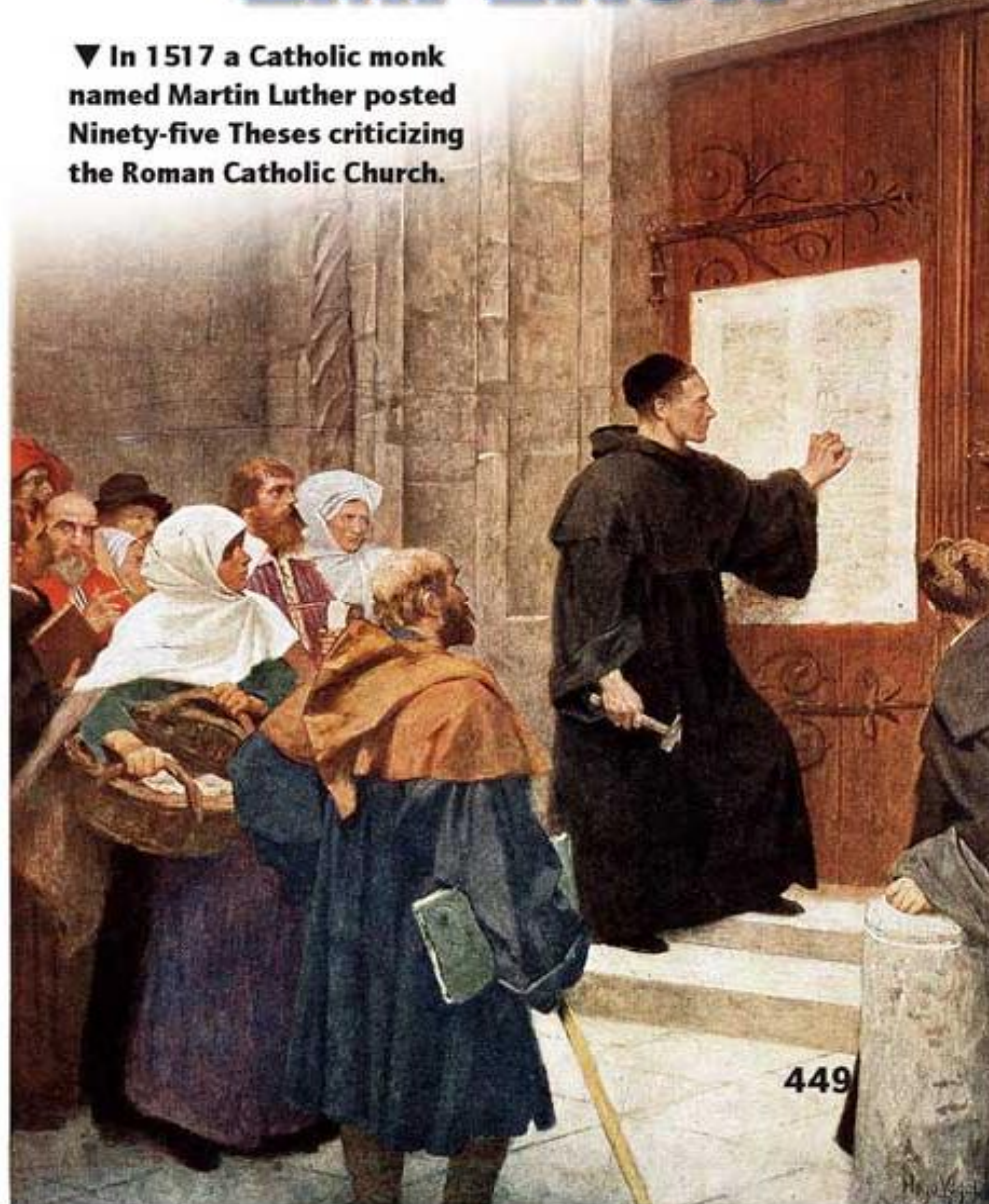
ROMANS 1:17

“The righteous shall live by his faith.”

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A MONK Defies THE EMPEROR

▼ In 1517 a Catholic monk named Martin Luther posted Ninety-five Theses criticizing the Roman Catholic Church.



Luther's 95 Theses

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- ***He criticized:***

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41. Papal indulgences should only be preached with caution, lest people gain a wrong understanding, and think that they are preferable to other good works: those of love.

44. Because, by works of love, love grows and a man becomes a better man; whereas, by indulgences, he does not become a better man, but only escapes certain penalties.

45. Christians should be taught that he who sees a needy person, but passes him by although he gives money for indulgences, gains no benefit from the pope's pardon, but only incurs the wrath of God.





Luther's 95 Theses

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Acceptance of Reforms



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SPREAD OF PROTESTANTISM



Christianity

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graph TD; Christianity --> Catholic; Christianity --> Protestant; Protestant --> Lutheran; Protestant --> Calvinism; Calvinism --> Puritan; Calvinism --> Hugeunots;
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Catholic

Protestant

Lutheran

Calvinism

Puritan

Presbyterian

Hugeunots