

Think 'N' Write

How do you think Japanese officials would react to the situation in China?

In 1862, just before the start of the Meiji period, Tokugawa sent officials and scholars to China to study the situation there. A Japanese recorded in his diary from Shanghai...

The Chinese have become servants to the foreigners. Sovereignty may belong to China but in fact it's no more than a colony of Great Britain and France.



AIM 21

HOW DID JAPAN RESIST IMPERIALISM
AND BECOME AN
IMPERIALIST POWER?

I. Japan ends its Isolation

A. Tokugawa

1. .

2. .

Tokugawa Laws of Japan in 1634

Japanese ships shall not be sent abroad

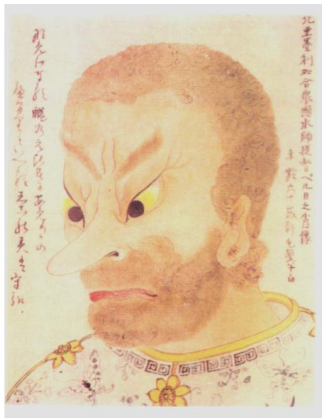
- No Japanese shall be sent abroad. Anyone breaking this law shall suffer the penalty of death
...
- All Japanese living abroad shall be put to death when they return home
- The arrival of foreign ships must be reported to Edo [Tokyo] and a watch kept over them

B. The demand for Foreign Trade

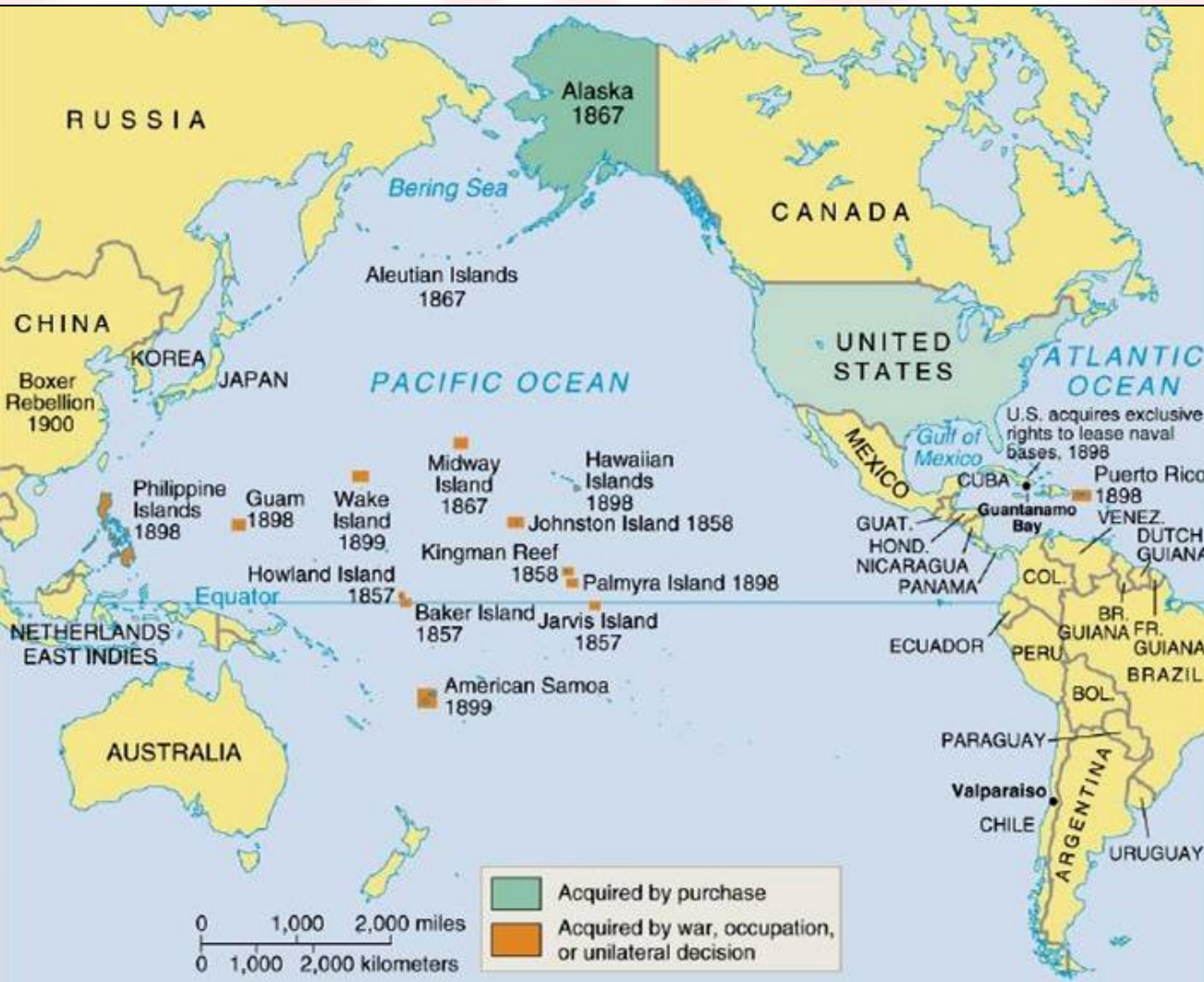
1. .

2. .

3. .



C. The U. S. in the Pacific



1. .

2. .

D. The Meiji Restoration - 1868

1..

2..

3..



MEIJI → “Enlightened Rule”

Newspaper Cartoon, 1870s



Enlightened Half-Enlightened Un-Enlightened

E. Modernization by “Selective Borrowing”



1. .

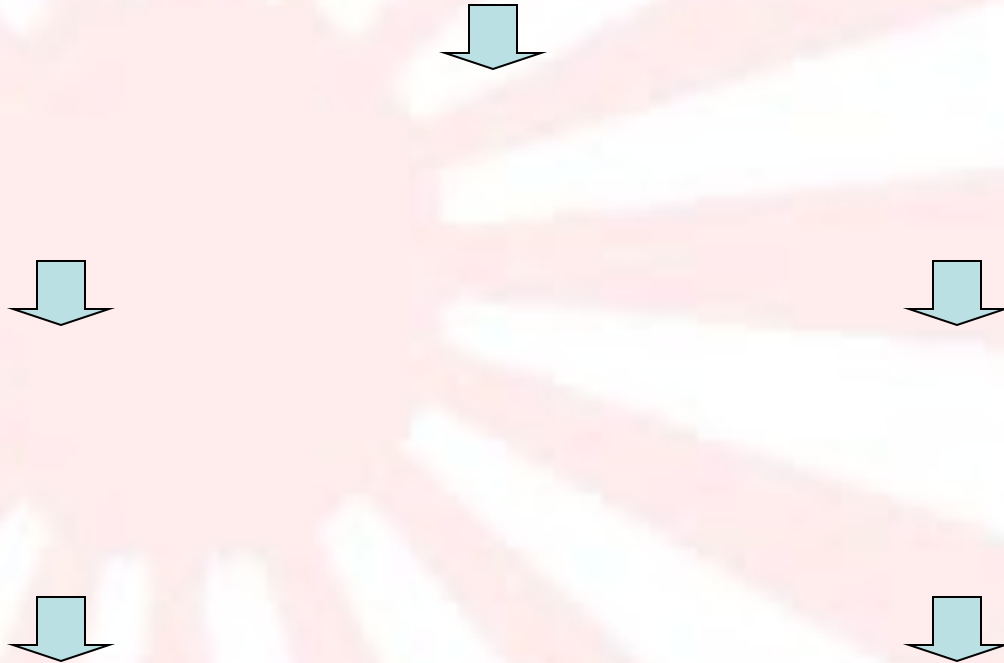
2. .
i. .

ii. .

iii. .

3. .

F. Japanese industrialization



G. Japanese Nationalism

1. .

2. .

3. .

4. .

Meiji Reforms

**Abolish
Feudalism**

**Land
Redistribution**

**Banking
System**

**Westernize
education**

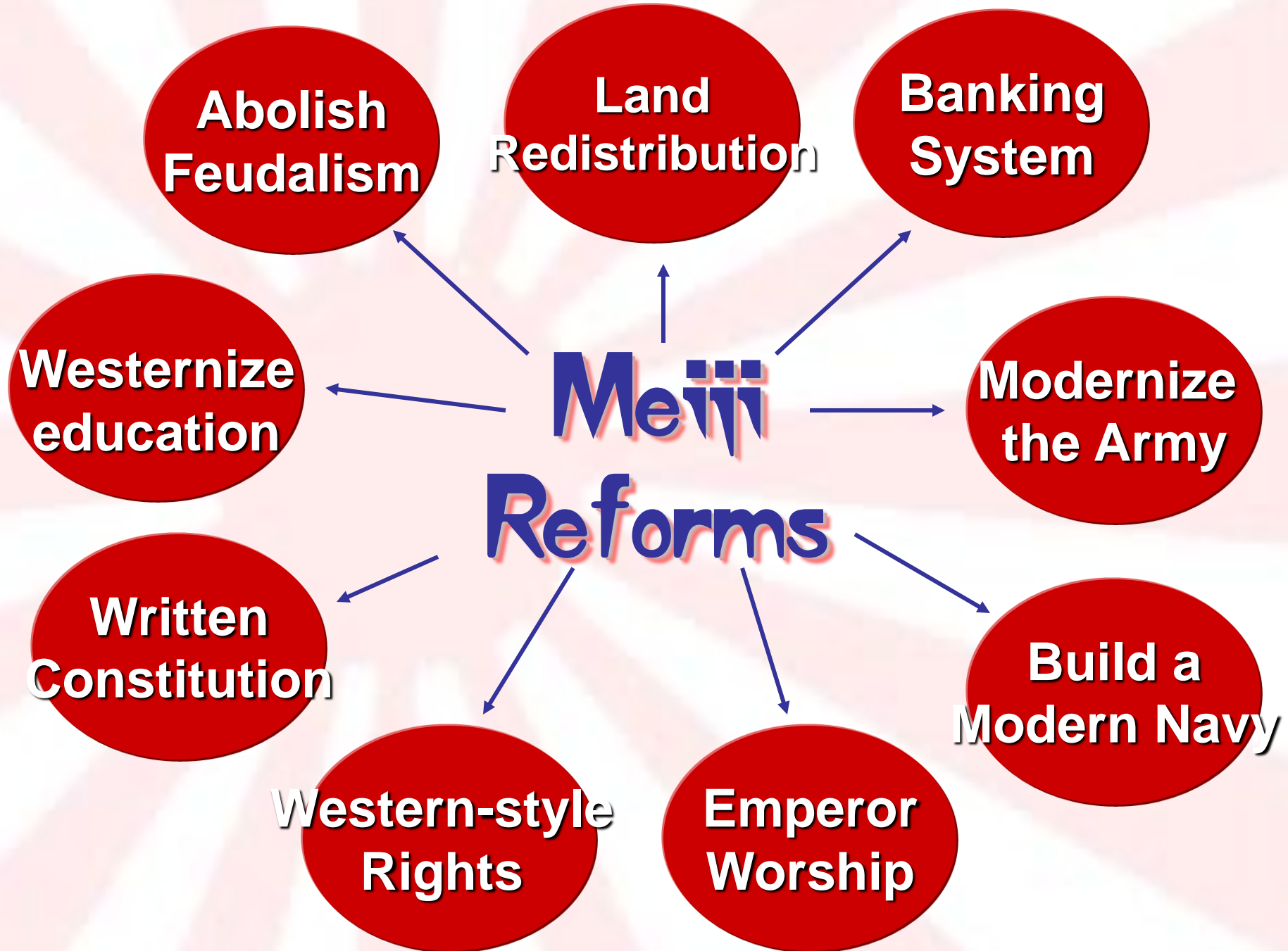
**Modernize
the Army**

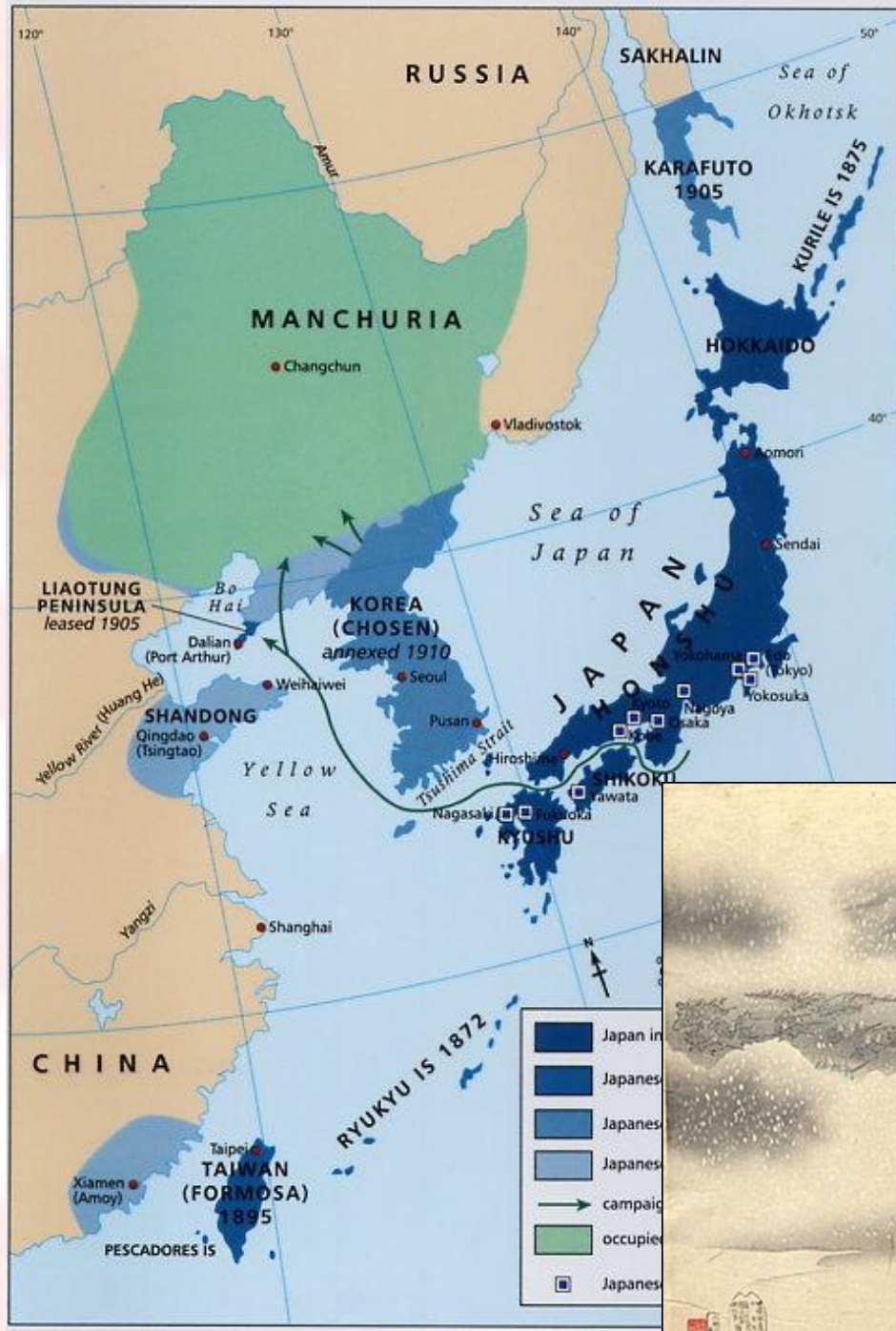
**Written
Constitution**

**Build a
Modern Navy**

**Western-style
Rights**

**Emperor
Worship**





II. Imperial Japan

A. Sino- Japanese War

1. .
2. .
3. .
4. .
5. .



B. Japan Annexes Korea

1. .
2. .
3. .
 - i. .
 - ii. .
4. .



C. The Russo-Japanese War: 1904-1905

1. .

2. .

3. .

